

# Weekly Assessment for Delta Operations on ESA and CESA-listed Salmonids including Current Delta Hydrologic Conditions

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## Executive Summary

- Entrainment management season is **active**.
- Season Loss: **0** (0.00% of threshold) DNA Winter-run, **0** (0.00% of threshold) Hatchery Winter-run, **17.93** (0.34% of threshold) Natural Steelhead, and **96.59** (2.71% of threshold) Hatchery Steelhead.
- Winter-run presence in the Delta is **high** (historical peak).
- Steelhead presence in the Delta is **increasing**.

# **1 PRELIMINARY DATA: Current Delta Hydrologic Conditions**

## **1.1 Operational and Regulatory Conditions**

Entrainment management is the current controlling factor. See most recent weekly outlook for more information.

## **1.2 Current Conditions**

Most recent inflow at Freeport in the Sacramento River and Vernalis in the San Joaquin River is 69,318 and 3,071 cfs respectively. Most recent 1-day, 5-day, and 14-day OMRI measurements were -4,900, -4,901, and -5,061 respectively, and most recent export data were 3,551 for Jones Pumping Plant and 1,734 for Henry O. Banks Pumping Plant.

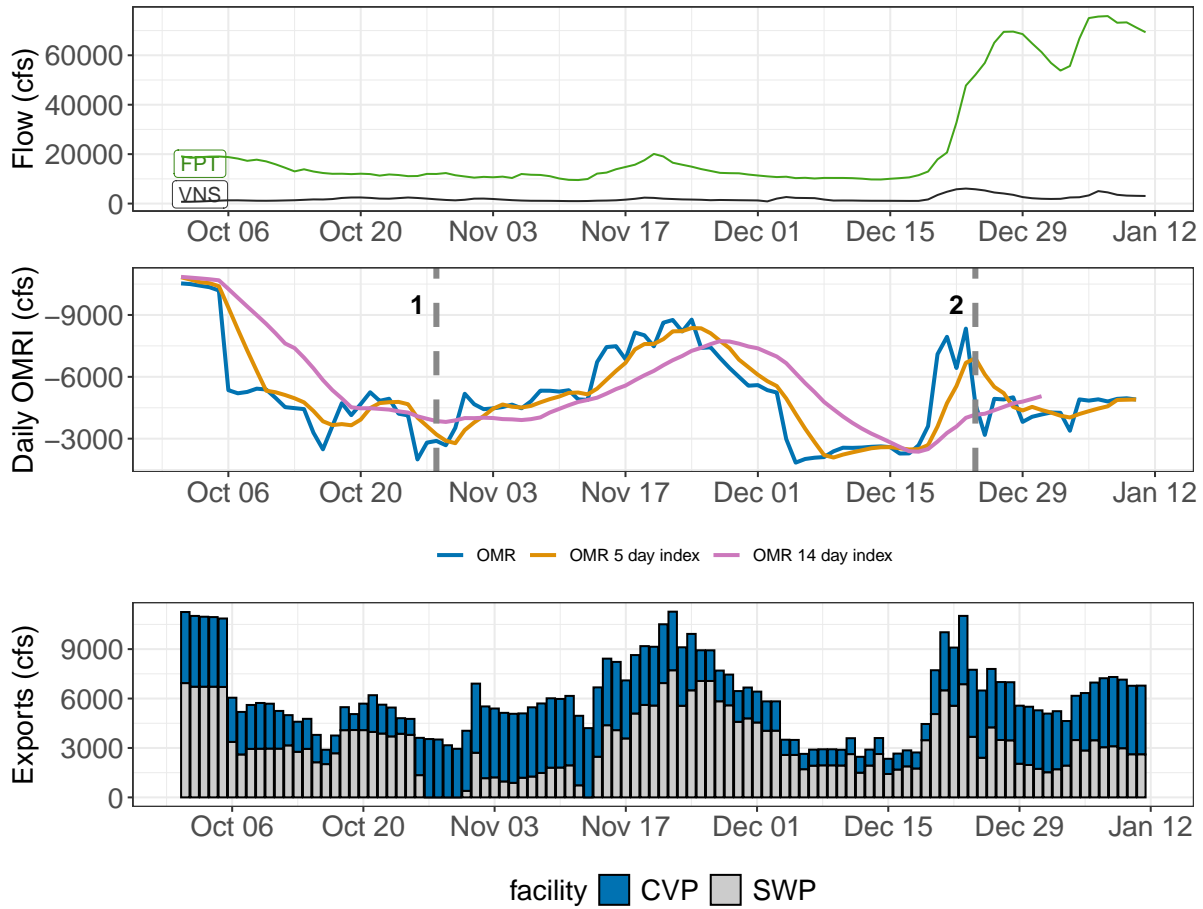


Figure 1: Operations and Action Summary, WY 2026. The colors in the OMRI plot indicate different types of triggers (see Table 1). OMRI data calculated by SacPAS, Freeport (FPT) and Vernalis (VNS) flow data from CDEC, and CVP (TRP) and SWP (HRO) exports data from CDEC.

Table 1: Summary of Actions and Triggers, WY 2026

La- bel	Action	Date Triggered	Date Implemented	Number Days Implemented	Regulation
1	DCC Gate Closure	10/28/2025	10/30/2025	Ongoing	DCC gates
2	First Flush	12/24/2025	12/25/2025	Ongoing	Entrainment Management

### 1.3 Zone of Influence

Zone of Influence (ZOI) analysis is discussed in detail in the December 22 assessment. Current conditions were queried from most recent Freeport flow data on the Sacramento River and Vernalis flow data on the San Joaquin river from [SacPAS](#). Forecasted flows were queried from short range deterministic flows provided by the [California Nevada River Forecast Center](#).

Current conditions at Freeport and Vernalis indicate that delta hydrology falls within the ‘himed’ category. Forecasted conditions averaged across the next 7 days falls within the ‘himed’ category.

The altered channel length for the current “himed” hydrology is 23, 53, 118 and 111 kilometers (km) across OMR bins of -2000, -3500, -5000 and <-5500 respectively. The altered channel length for forecasted “himed” hydrology is 23, 53, 118 and 111 kilometers (km) across OMR bins of -2000, -3500, -5000 and <-5500 respectively.

Change in altered channel length between OMR levels is 88 km for current conditions and 88 km for forecasted conditions indicating that ZOI impacts across OMR scenarios would not change between current and forecasted conditions. Across the nine hydrology bins, changes in altered channel length across OMR scenarios are moderate (between 25th and 75th percentiles) for both current and forecasted hydrology.

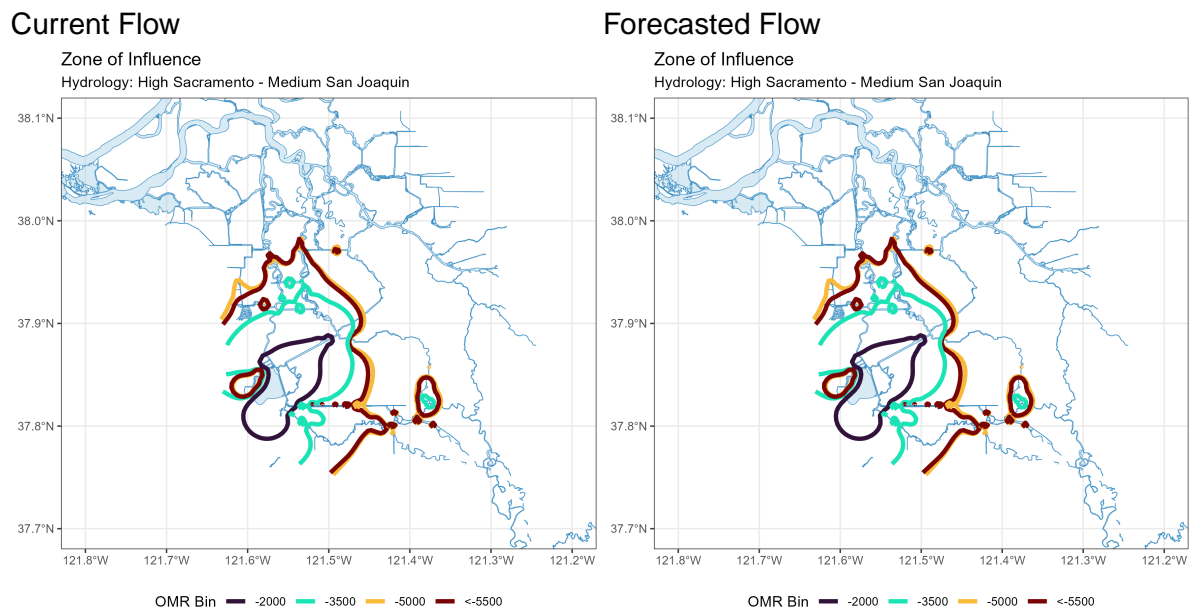


Figure 2: Modeled Zone of Influence at different OMRI scenarios based on current inflow hydrology (left) and forecasted inflow hydrology (right) from the Sacramento River and San Joaquin River

## 2 PRELIMINARY DATA: Assessment for Delta Operations on ESA and CESA-listed Salmonids

For more detailed data on salmonid conditions in the Delta see corresponding webpage on [SacPAS](#).

### 2.1 Natural Winter-run Chinook

#### 2.1.1 Juvenile Production Estimate

The Juvenile Production Estimate for winter-run is 1,057,452 for the current water year.

#### 2.1.2 Current Status

*Entry Timing* - Historically, as of Jan 11, 74% of length-at-date (LAD) winter-run have entered the delta based on Knights Landing RST catch, 2% have exited the delta based on Chipps Island Trawl Catch, and 0% of DNA confirmed winter-run have been salvaged.

Table 2

Species	Red Bluff Diversion Dam	Tis- dale RST	Knights Landing RST	Sac Trawl (Sher- wood)	Chipps Island Trawl	Sal- vage
Chinook, LAD Winter-run, Unclipped	98%	76%	74%	38%	2%	14%
Chinook, DNA Winter-run, Unclipped (Water Year)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0%

*Red Bluff Diversion Dam Passage Estimate* - As of Dec 16 estimated passage to date of LAD winter run at Red Bluff Diversion is approximately 3.61 million fish. \* *Note that outmigration timing overlaps with spring run migrating fish, and true winter-run abundance likely differs from these estimates.*

*Delta Monitoring* - Total catch of LAD winter run at RSTs at Delta Entry (Tisdale, Knights Landing, Lower Sacramento River) between Dec 28 and Jan 08 is 168 individuals. Total catch at Sacramento Trawl and Beach Seines in the delta between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 19 individuals. Total catch at Delta Exit at Chipps Island between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 1 individuals.

### 2.1.3 Annual Loss

The annual Loss threshold for natural winter-run is 1% of the jpe or 10,574.52 fish. As of January 11, cumulative loss of genetically confirmed winter-run is 0 or 0.00% of the annual loss threshold. Cumulative loss in the past 7 days has been 0.

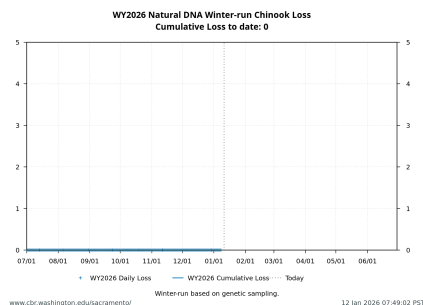


Figure 3

### 2.1.4 STARS

The Delta STARS Model is an individual-based simulation model that predicts survival, travel time, and routing of juvenile salmon migrating through the Sacramento–San Joaquin River Delta. This model gives insight into survival and routing patterns of winter-run based on most current conditions.

As of January 10, overall through delta STARS estimated survival probability (with 80% credible intervals) is 0.72 (0.64-0.8) placing it in the 93rd percentile of historical STARS survival estimates for the month of January (WYs 2018-2025). STARS estimated routing and survival probabilities (with 80% credible intervals) into the interior delta are 0.04 (0.03-0.05) and 0.74 (0.62-0.85), respectively, corresponding to the 4th and 93rd percentiles of historical January estimates (WYs 2018-2025).



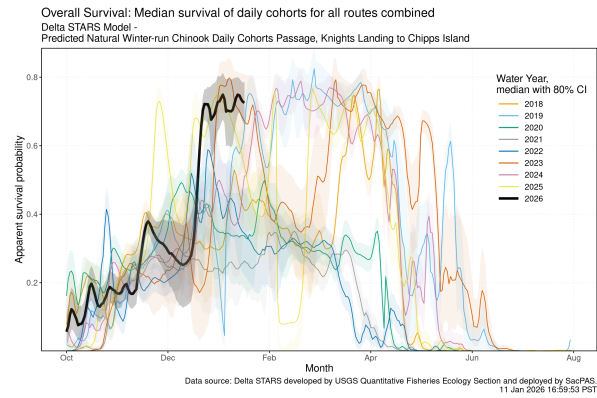


Figure 4

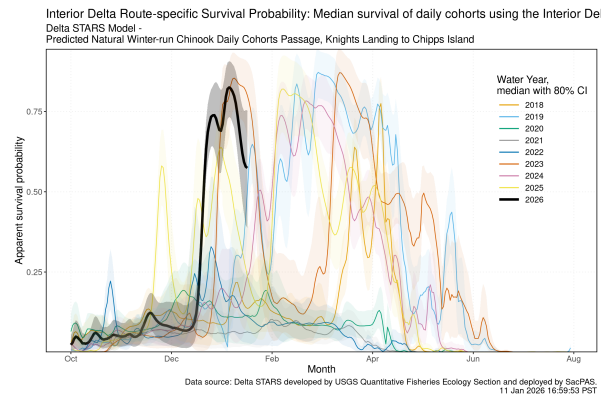


Figure 5

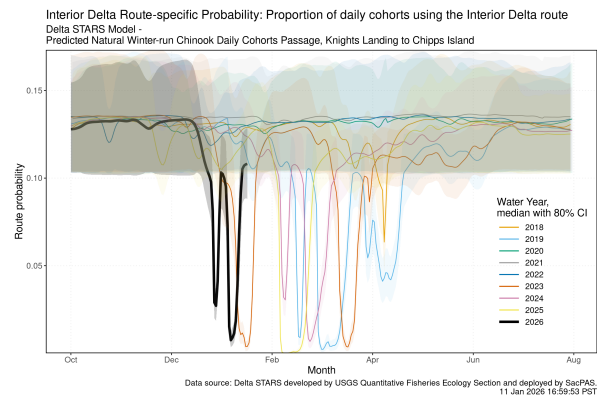


Figure 6

## 2.2 Hatchery Winter-run Chinook

### 2.2.1 Hatchery Releases

To date, no winter-run Livingstone hatchery releases have occurred in WY 2026

### 2.2.2 Juvenile Production Estimate

The Juvenile Production Estimate for hatchery winter-run is 130,096 for Livingston Stone releases.

### 2.2.3 Annual Loss

To date, no loss has occurred as no hatchery winter-run have been released.

## 2.3 Natural-origin Central Valley Steelhead

### 2.3.1 Current Status

*Delta Entry Timing* - Historically, as of Jan 11, 16% of CCV steelhead have entered the delta based on Knights Landing RST catch, 1% have exited the delta based on Chipps Island Trawl Catch, and 6% have been salvaged.

Table 3: Average Percent of annual emigrating population for unclipped CCV steelhead captured at the following locations and salvaged at SWP and CVP Delta facilities for the past 10 years.

Species	Red Bluff Diversion Dam	Tisdale RST	Knights Landing RST	Sac Trawl (Sherwood)	Chipps Island Trawl	Sal- vage
Steelhead, Unclipped	1%	12%	16%	0%	1%	6%

*Delta Monitoring* - Total catch of LAD winter run at RSTs at Delta Entry (Tisdale, Knights Landing, Lower Sacramento River) between Dec 28 and Jan 08 is 0 individuals. Total catch at Sacramento Trawl and Beach Seines in the delta between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 0 individuals. Total catch at Delta Exit at Chipps Island between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 0 individuals.

### 2.3.2 Annual Loss

As of January 11, cumulative loss of unclipped steelhead is 17.93 or 0.34% of the incidental take limit in the NMFS Biological Opinion. Cumulative loss in the past 7 days has been 74.83.

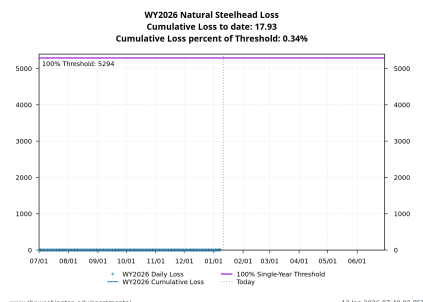


Figure 7

## 2.4 Hatchery-origin Central Valley Steelhead

### 2.4.1 Surrogate Releases

There have been a total of 2 releases totaling 878,848 steelhead in Water Year 2026. JPE for the hatchery releases as of today is 356,526 based on estimated survivals using forecasted water year types (see details in table below). The annual loss threshold, equal to 1% of the JPE, is currently 3565, but is subject to change with additional steelhead releases.

Table 4: Summary of steelhead hatchery releases in Water Year 2026

Hatchery	Date of Release	Mean Fork Length (mm)	Number Released	Estimated Survival	Juvenile Production Estimate
Nim-bus	2025-11-02	223	233,109	72%	167,838
Cole-man	2025-12-19	195	645,739	29%	188,688

Total loss of hatchery-origin steelhead is 96.59 or 2.71% of the threshold. \*Note that hatchery origin of salvaged fish can not be determined at this time and salvage is based on the assumption of similar routing and survival probabilities of individual hatchery releases.

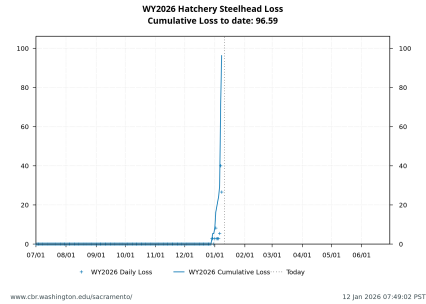


Figure 8

## 2.5 Spring-run

### 2.5.1 Current Status

*Delta Entry Timing-* Historically, as of Jan 11, 26% of LAD spring run have entered the delta based on Knights Landing RST catch, 0% have exited the delta based on Chipps Island Trawl Catch, and 0% have been salvaged.

Table 5: Average Percent of annual emigrating population for LAD Spring-run Chinook Salmon captured at the following locations and salvaged at SWP and CVP Delta facilities for the past 10 years.

Species	Red Bluff Diversion Dam	Tis- dale RST	Knights Landing RST	Sac Trawl (Sherwood)	Chipps Island Trawl	Sal- vage
Chinook, LAD Spring-run, Unclipped	12%	13%	26%	2%	0%	0%

*Red Bluff Diversion Dam Passage Estimate -* As of Dec 16 estimated passage to date of LAD spring run at Red Bluff Diversion is approximately 0.01 million fish. \* *Note that outmigration timing overlaps with winter run and fall run outmigration, and true spring run abundance likely differs from these estimates.*

*Delta Monitoring-* Total catch of LAD winter run at RSTs at Delta Entry (Tisdale, Knights Landing, Lower Sacramento River) between Dec 28 and Jan 08 is 137 individuals. Total catch at Sacramento Trawl and Beach Seines in the delta between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 0 individuals. Total catch at Delta Exit at Chipps Island between Dec 29 and Jan 08 is 0 individuals.

### 2.5.2 Surrogate Releases

A total of 193,101 yearling surrogate fish have been released across 3 releases and a total of 0 young-of-year surrogate fish have been released across 0 releases. See details in table below.

Table 6: Spring-run Chinook Salmon Hatchery Surrogate Summary Table.

Type	Hatch- ery	Release Start	Re- lease End	Race	# of CWT Fish Released	Loss Threshold (1% of CWT Released)	Loss (% of threshold)
Year- ling	Cole- man NFH	2025- 11-17	2025- 11-17	Late- Fall	75119	751.19	0 (0.00%)
Year- ling	Cole- man NFH	2025- 12-22	2025- 12-22	Late- Fall	60873	608.73	97.1 (0.16%)
Year- ling	Cole- man NFH	2026- 01-08	2026- 01-08	Late- Fall	57109	571.09	0 (0.00%)

## 2.6 Evaluation

1. What is the probability of exceeding natural or hatchery winter-run Chinook Salmon loss thresholds in the upcoming week?
2. What is the probability of spring-run hatchery Chinook Salmon loss thresholds in the upcoming week?
3. What is the probability of spring-run hatchery Chinook Salmon loss thresholds in the upcoming week?

## 2.7 References